## CHARACTERIZATION OF DONKEYS IN NORTH WEST NIGERIA USING COAT COLOUR AND HAIR TYPES

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#### **INTRODUCTION**

➤ Origin of donkeys

>Introduction into Nigeria

➤ Source of milk

#### **JUSTIFICATION**

➤ Very little is known about the morphological relationships of donkey strains in Nigeria.

There is need for more intense methods of classification such as morphological classification, which is the focus of this research.

## **Objectives**

To determine the relationships that exist amongst the morphological traits of donkeys.

To define the possible route(s) for the classification of these donkeys.

## Research hypotheses

Null Hypothesis  $(H_0)$ : There is no relationship among strains of donkeys in Nigeria using morphological characteristics.

➤ Alternative Hypothesis (H<sub>a</sub>): There is relationship among strains of donkeys in Nigeria using morphological characteristics.

#### **Materials and Methods**

- Experimental location.
- Total of 700 donkeys were used
- 100 donkeys were sampled per state
- 33 in 2 senatorial zones and 34 in another senatorial zone using random sampling techniques.
- Morphological traits.
- Age determination.

## Statistical analysis

$$Y_{ijkl} = \mu + L_k + V_l + E_{ijkl}$$

Where  $Y_{ijkl}$ =observation of each trait of the  $ij^{th}$  Animal.

 $\mu$ = population mean

L<sub>k</sub>=effect of k<sup>th</sup> location (Kaduna, Kano, Kebbi, Katsina,

Sokoto, Jigawa and Zamfara State)

V<sub>1</sub>= fixed effect of l<sup>th</sup> strain (Auraki, Fari, Duni and Idabari)

 $\mathcal{E}_{ijkl}$  = residual error

# Phenotypic frequency of morphological traits

Chi-square  $(x^2) = (\underline{Observed freq} - \underline{Expected freq})^2$ Expected freq

#### **RESULTS / DISCUSSION**

Table 1: Distribution of coat colour and hair types among donkeys in North West Nigeria Characteri N **Variants** F (%) C L (%) χ2 stics 700 100 2044.01 Coat colour 86 Brown 85-87 Black 5 3-7 White 3-6 4 0.1 - 1Red 2 3 Brown-2-4 white Hair type 100 555.53 700 Short-71-78 75 smooth

11-16

8-13

Short-rough

Long-curly

14

11

N= Number, F= Frequency, CL= Confidence level, χ2=Chi-square value, LOS= Level of Significance

LOS

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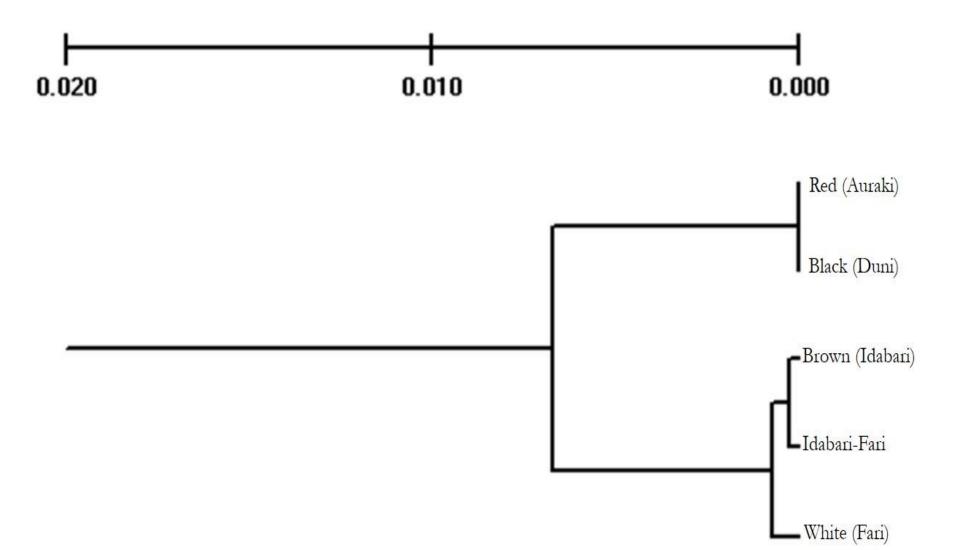


Figure 1: Dendogram showing relationships clustering of strains of donkeys based on hair type

#### **CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Donkeys in North West Nigeria were differentiated into two major clusters on the basis of their hair type.

Classification of donkeys on the basis of hair type should be developed using morphological and molecular techniques.

### THANK YOU

**FOR** 

LISTENING